Spring/Summer 2020 Planned Plug Availability *Indicates new plug variety for this year

Green = Indicates just added for summer
Purple = few left
Red = sold out/too large = potted to next size

Antennaria plantaginifolia (pussytoes) - fuzzy white clusters of blooms, Apr-Jun, 6"-12", dry to med soil, full sun best, soft gray foliage spreads to form a nice ground cover, host plant for American painted lady butterfly

Aquilegia canadensis (wild columbine) – red blooms with yellow centers, spring, 1'-3', partial shade best, moist soil – attract hummingbirds

*Asclepias incarnata (swamp milkweed) - pink blooms, June/July, 3'-5', full/part sun, average to moist soil, attracts numerous pollinators, host plant for monarchs (most just breaking dormancy, few shoots)

Asclepias syriaca (common milkweed) - pink clusters of fragrant flowers, June-July, 2'-4', full sun, avg to dry soils, host plant for monarch

Aster divaricatus (white wood aster) - white blooms, Aug-Sept, 1-2.5', part to full shade, med to dry soil, attracts butterflies/pollinators

*Aster macrophyllus (big leaf aster) – violet blooms, late summer – fall, 1-3', full to part shade, dry to moist soil, attracts butterflies/pollinators

Aster novae-angliae (New England aster) - Pink-purple blooms, fall, 3-6', full sun, med soils, attracts butterflies/pollinators

*Aster oblongifolius 'Raydon's Favorite' ('Raydon's Favorite' aromatic aster) - Blue-purple blooms, Sept-Oct, 2'-3', sun to part shade, tolerant of dry/poor soils

Callirhoe involucrata (wine cups/poppy mallow) – magenta flowers, summer, 6-8", full sun to part shade, dry to med soils, tolerant of poor/rocky soils and drought, makes a trailing groundcover, host plant for gray hairstreak butterfly and checkered skipper

Chelone glabra (white turtlehead) – spikes of white flowers, late summer/fall, 2'-4', full to part sun, moist to avg soils, host plant for Baltimore checkerspot butterfly

- *Coreopsis lanceolata (lanceleaf tickseed) golden yellow blooms, late spring-summer, full sun, dry to moist soils, drought resistant, deer resistant, short-lived perennial that easily reseeds, important nectar/pollen source, birds eat seeds
- *Echinacea 'Green Twister' pink/purple/red blooms with lime green/yellow tips, mid-summer to fall, 2'-3', full to part sun, avg to dry soils, a selection of echinacea purp. 'magnus'
- *Echinacea pallida 'Hula Dancer' ('Hula Dancer' pale purple coneflower) blush to almost white blooms with drooping petals and reddish cone, 2-3', sun to part shade, dry to med soils, a favorite in Piet Oudolf designs

- *Helenium autumnale (common sneezeweed) yellow flowers, late summer/early fall, 3-5', med to moist soils, sun to part shade, one of the higher rated heleniums in Mt Cuba plant trial, attracted highest number of pollinators
- *Helianthus occidentalis ssp. dowelianus (western or naked-stemmed sunflower) yellow blooms on long slender (sometimes reddish) stems, late summer-fall, 2-4', full sun, tolerant of dry, rocky, clay soils, deer resistant, attracts butterflies/pollinators, birds eat seeds, good cut flower, eastern subspecies
- *Hibiscus moscheutos 'Disco Belle Red' ('Disco Belle Red' hardy hibiscus) large red blooms, 4-12" across, late summer, 2 2.5' tall, full sun, rich moist to wet soils, attracts pollinators/hummingbirds

Lobelia cardinalis (cardinal flower) – bright red blooms, July-Sept, 2'-4', sun to shade, prefers moist soil – attracts hummingbirds

Lobelia siphilitica (great blue lobelia) – blue-violet blues, July-Sept, 2'-3', sun to part shade, prefers moist soil – attracts butterflies and hummingbirds (note: new seedlings, rather small)

Monarda bradburiana (Eastern beebalm) - pale pink blooms speckled w/ purple, late spring, 1'-2', sun to part shade, dry to avg soil, attracts pollinators/hummingbirds, good resistance to powdery mildew

Monarda fistulosa (wild bergamot/lavender beebalm) – lavender blooms, late summer, 2'-5', full to part sun, dry to moist soil, drought tolerant, aromatic foliage – attracts butterflies and hummingbirds

- *Penstemon digitalis 'Huskers Red' ('Huskers Red' beardtongue) pale pink/white blooms late spring/early summer, reddish-green foliage, 2-3',sun/part shade, average soil, attracts hummingbirds
- *Phlox divaricata (woodland/wild blue phlox) pink/white/lavender blooms Apr-May, 8"-12", part shade, moist soil, attracts butterflies, fragrant
- *Phlox maculata (wild sweet William/meadow phlox) pink-violet blooms, late summer to fall, 2-3', sun to part shade, moist soils, fragrant, spreads gradually, attracts butterflies, good powdery mildew resistance (ready mid June)

Phlox paniculata 'Jeana' ('Jeana' garden phlox) - lavendar/pink fragrant blooms, June to late summer, 3'-5', avg to moist soil, good resistance to powdery mildew, butterfly magnet

Prunella vulgaris 'Magdalena' ('Magdalena' self heal) – purple blooms, summer to fall, 6", avg to moist soils, sun to part shade, attracts bees and butterflies (ready mid June)

Pycnanthemum muticum (short-toothed/clustered mountain mint) - silver bracts with light pink blooms, late summer, 2'-3', full sun to full shade, moist to dry soil, aromatic foliage, attracts numerous and diverse pollinators

Rudbeckia fulgida v. deamii (Deam's coneflower) - yellow blooms, 3', summer, full sun, average soil, attractive to pollinators, seed heads attractive to birds

Ruellia humilis (wild petunia) – lavender blooms, summer-fall, 1'-2', full to part sun, average to dry soil, drought tolerant, grows naturally in limestone soils – endangered in the wild in PA, great filler plant

- *Schizachyrium scoparium 'Jazz' ('Jazz' little bluestem) upright silver-blue foliage turning shades of bronze to purple in fall, 2-2.5', sun, dry to med soils, this variety tends to stay upright
- *Tiarella cordifolia 'New Moon Motley' ('New Moon Motley' foamflower) white flowers, spring, 8-12", part to full shade, med to moist soils, this variety has a mix of leaf shades and dark variegation on the leaves (ready mid June)
- *Verbena stricta (hoary vervain) lavender blooms, summer, 2'-4', full sun, dry to avg soil, drought tolerant, poor/gravel/sandy soils, host plant for common buckeye, attracts numerous pollinators/butterflies, birds eat seeds
- *Viola striata (striped cream violet) cream colored flowers with some purple stripes on lower petal, spring-summer, 8-12", moist soils, part to full shade, deer resistant, ground cover